

The New British Order

- 14 Points for National Renewal

2. Parliament Will Serve the British People

The New British Order will sweep away corruption, foreign influence, and incompetence.

2.0 Preamble

Parliamentary democracy has today degenerated into a party-political theatre. It is very good at one thing: giving the illusion that the people are sovereign and that their will is being served. The New British Order holds that true governance must unite effective leadership with the expression of the Nation's will.

The State exists to serve the British people. It is legitimate only if it secures the people's continuance and flourishing. The current system of liberal democracy has not freed the people, but has perpetuated a cunning system of enslavement to foreign money powers. There can be no talk of freedom until a political system exists that liberates the British people from the economic and political chaos of liberalism without thrusting them into the hands of Marxism.

Our political and economic systems must recognise the need for public service from the people, but must provide in return decent employment, healthy wages and reduced working hours that do not leave our people exhausted. This is the only way that the British people may enjoy their deserved private, familial and ancient liberties of this land.

In place of the existing regime shall stand a Parliament rooted in national life: Guilds for labour and industry, a chamber for culture and spirit, national leadership with real authority, and the Ward as the safeguard of unity.

2.1 Codified Constitution and Governance Reform

A codified constitution shall enshrine the sovereignty of the British people and bind the government to their service. Once established, further constitutional changes shall be proposed by the New British Order to the people, and confirmed by plebiscite.

Party politics shall be abolished, harmful laws repealed, and leaders given the authority to act decisively whilst remaining answerable to the people.

2.2 Plebiscite Eligibility

Only adult British Citizens engaged in service to the Nation may vote in plebiscites. These include guild members, the armed forces and New British Order members.

2.3 Parliament ensures the economy serves the British people.

Whilst private enterprise remains, economic life shall be guided by the principle that the economy serves the British people, not plutocratic profiteering. This does not mean that every single aspect of daily business life is controlled by the government, but it does mean that the government will lay down limits for the common welfare of the people and the Nation.

Within these limits, private enterprise, entrepreneurship, and profit are not only allowed but encouraged; this is natural as production is the basis of the Nation's wealth. But this must not be to the detriment of the same common welfare and thus will be regulated within the prescribed limits.

2.4 The Guild Commons

Parliament's lower house shall be reconstituted as the Guild Commons which will regulate the National economy.

In practice, every trade, industry, and profession shall be organised into a guild, uniting all who labour in that field. Within each guild, workers and employers shall have equal representation, ensuring cooperation replaces class conflict.

The Guilds exist to:

- Order the life of their trade, profession, or vocation: setting industry standards, training, and qualifications.
- Resolve disputes fairly between worker and employer, without strikes or lockouts.
- Ensure their work serves the common good of the Nation.
- Guild members will elect their leadership and each guild will send representatives of proven character to the Guild Commons.

The Guild Commons shall:

- Represent the whole economic life of the Nation with equal representation of employers and workers.
- Legislate on industrial and vocational matters too extensive for individual Guilds.
- Establish national standards and fair practices across trades and professions.
- Secure the welfare of workers, families, and communities with regulated production.

The Guild Commons will have legislative power over economic life. However, this will be under the overall guidance of the National Leadership, which shall retain the authority to intervene where the broader welfare of the people and Nation demands it.

Special Guilds shall represent vocations beyond industry, including:

- A Home Guild for mothers and family life, recognising their vital service to the Nation.
- A National Service Guild for youth, linking their service to a parliamentary voice. Exemplary service shall be recognised as a path of advancement into the cadres of the New British Order, opening the way to positions of responsibility for men of all classes.

Women who decide to work shall participate fully in economic life through their guilds and local councils, though the supreme offices of Ward and National Leadership shall remain entrusted to men.

2.5 The Chamber of National Life

The upper house shall be reconstituted as the Chamber of National Life. The Chamber shall be appointed by the Ward, on the advice of the New British Order.

It shall gather representatives of the Nation's non-economic life: armed services, foreign affairs, universities, science, art, and cultural leaders.

This Chamber does not have legislative power, but provides counsel, expertise, and discernment. This ensures that the government draws upon the best knowledge and traditions of the Nation. It shall rarely sit as a whole, instead convening members whose expertise is most relevant to the questions of the day.

2.6 The Ward and the High Warden

With the monarchy having failed to protect the British people, the Crown will be replaced by the Ward, a permanent institution embodying the unity and cultural traditions of the Nation.

The Ward is embodied in the High Warden, who serves as the constitutional head of state. Unlike the Monarchy, which represented a single family, the High Warden will represent the Nation as a whole. He shall be proposed by the leadership of the New British Order and confirmed by a national plebiscite.

The High Warden shall serve as the ceremonial head of state and lead national festivals and celebrations. A representative of the High Warden shall preside over both the upper and lower houses as Speaker.

The High Warden will act as the custodian of the people, receiving petitions for pardon, clemency, and grievance. He shall thus serve as a living connection between the people, the government, and the New British Order. The High Warden shall maintain representatives (Wardens) in the regions, carrying out the same duties.

The High Warden is an office reserved for a man of the highest character, who has shown a lifetime of exemplary service to the Nation. His role shall end upon death, retirement, or deposition in times of failure of service. Deposition is initiated by the leadership of the New British Order, but must be confirmed by plebiscite. This check will ensure the failures of the Crown are not repeated.

2.7 The National Leadership

The executive authority of government shall rest with the National Leadership, charged with directing the State in service of the people.

Ministers, including a Prime Minister, shall be appointed from the cadres of the New British Order by the High Warden. A periodic plebiscite of those eligible (see 2.2) shall confirm that the leadership retains the people's trust. If the executive government is rejected, the High Warden will call forth new ministers from the New British Order whom he believes will command the people's support.

The National Leadership shall act decisively, free from party obstruction, while remaining accountable to the people's approval. Its guiding purpose is to secure the continuance and flourishing of the British people, both materially and spiritually.

2.8 The New British Order

The New British Order shall endure as the living movement of the Nation.

It shall guard the principles of the Constitution and propose any amendments. It shall provide the cadres of leadership, and serve as a school of service, discipline, and training. It shall ensure that the best from all walks of life have the opportunity for development and may advance to leadership roles in the Nation.

The New British Order will also serve as a source of societal advancement. It will inspire and guide the State and the people, ensuring that the Nation remains animated by spirit as well as governed by law.

2.9 Local Government Framework

Local government shall ensure the same framework of effective leadership and the expression of the people's will is maintained.

Each local unit shall mirror the national structure with representatives from local guilds and selected members of non-economic life. Local executive leadership, drawn from the cadres of the New British Order, ensures local government remains within its authority and respects the common good. Where possible, the executive leadership should be from those of local origin. The leadership shall be confirmed by periodic plebiscite.

Wardens will serve a similar role to the national level but locally, and petitions will be dealt with locally or relayed to the High Warden for more serious matters.

2.10 Exclusion of Foreign Influence and Corruption

The government shall be purged of corruption and freed from all foreign influence. No foreigner may hold political office, civil service post, or the right to vote.

All gifts, payments, and donations to politicians or public officials are prohibited. Bribery shall be punished with removal from office, permanent disqualification from public life, and criminal penalties.

The judiciary shall be cleansed of corruption and bound to act solely in the Nation's interest, in the spirit of the people's justice.

2.11 Foreign Policy Foundations

Britain shall withdraw from all entangling international bodies including the UN, IMF, and WHO.

Military ventures and treaties that do not serve the nation's interests shall cease.

The Commonwealth shall be formally dissolved. Good fraternal relations with kin nations will be sought where beneficial, but no foreign citizens shall hold voting rights in our land.